### Key Vocabulary...

Term	Definition			
Hardware	Parts of a computer that you can physically touch such as a mouse.			
Software	Programs that are used to make things on a computer.			
Input Devices	Hardware that is used to enter information into a computer such as keyboard or a mouse.			
Process	The calculations that are performed by a computer.			
Output Devices	Hardware that is used to take information out of computer such as a monitor or a printer.			
Multimedia Software	Software package where you can make presentations. A common example is PowerPoint.			
Purpose	What you want to achieve from your presentation.			
Audience	The people who you have written your presentation for.			
Transition	How slides can change from one to another.			
Animation	How text or images can appear on the presentation.			
Cyberbullying	The use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature.			
Copyright	To prevent someone from copying an orginal idea and claiming it as their own.			
Constructive criticism	A type of feedback that offers specific and actionable advice for people to improve.			
Activity – Compare different computer specification				



## Picture This...

# Always Remember...



## Questions

- 1. Name three ways you can make a password stronger. 2. Define the term cyberbullying. 3. Define the term copyright. 4. Explain what a transition is. Explain what an animation is.
- 5. 6. What colour background colour you use to help those with dyslexia?
- 7. State one way to make a powerpoint more user friendly.

This diagram shows where output devices fit into a computer

- Input devices are hardware that allows information to entered into a computer. Examples on the image on the left.
- Output Devices is hardware • that allows information to be taken out of a computer.
- Password should always be kept private and not shared with others.
- CPUs are very quick but not good at remembering information. They need help from something called RAM which holds the information for it.



# Deeper Learning...

Central Processing Unit (CPU) is the brains of the computer that does all the thinking. CPUs can work very quickly, and this speed is measured in clock speed, which is like a heartbeat.



An average heart rate for an 11 year is 55-85 beats per minute. An average CPU has a "heartbeat" of

2,400,000,000 times per second!!!

That's over 2 billion times per second!!!

ions and justify which one is better, based on the clock speed, memory and the RAM.

N

### Key Vocabulary...

ary	Term	Definition
Bin	Computational Thinking	An organised way of thinking – a series of steps that will get you to the solution.
) uo	Abstraction	Looking at a problem and picking out the most important information.
ntati	Decomposition	Breaking a difficult or large problem down into smaller tasks.
orese	Binary	A number system used by computers which only uses 2 digits ( 0, 1).
a Rej	Denary	A number system used by humans which uses 10 digits ( 0 – 9)
Dat	ASCII	A binary code which is used to represent letters and numbers.
n 2:	Cryptology/ Encryption	Making secret codes so that information can be passed between people safely.
ר Terו	Bitmap	A graphic made up of pixels. Pixels are small coloured dots in a grid.
hum	Caesar Cipher	A code used by Julius Caesar to communicate with his army generals.
10 I	Bit / Byte	A binary unit either a 0 or a 1
7		A byte is 8 bits together.



## Picture This...

#### Converting Binary to Denary

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0

Add the place value of the 1s. 1. 64+16+4+2 = 86

#### Converting Denary to Binary

- Minus the placeholder from the 164.
- 2. 164 – 128 = 36 (place a 1 under 128 placeholder)

164

3. Is 36 bigger than 64?

1.

- If no , put 0 under 64. 4.
- 36 32 = 4 (put a 1 under the 32 placeholder 5.
- Is 4 bigger than 16? 6.
- If no, put a 0 under the 16. 7.
- Repeat the steps until you get to the end of the 8. placeholder list.

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0

# Always Remember...

- Computers can only store data as 0s or 1s.
- When computers hold data such games, images or words, it looks like this image.



There are two types of images used in computers, bitmaps and vector. Bitmaps are made by colouring individual boxes in a grid.



/Encryption	Making secret codes so that information can be passed between people safely.	Questions	Deeper Learning
	A graphic made up of pixels. Pixels are small coloured dots in a grid.	<ol> <li>Which number make up binary?</li> <li>Explain what is meant by decomposition? Give an example.</li> <li>Explain what is meant by abstraction? Give</li> </ol>	Why do computers use binary? Computers use binary because they use transistors which carry electrical charges. If the
her	A code used by Julius Caesar to communicate with his army generals.	<ul><li>an example.</li><li>4. Convert the following numbers from binary to denary.</li></ul>	charge is ON, it's a 1 and there is no charge then it is a 0.
	A binary unit either a 0 or a 1 A byte is 8 bits together.	<ol> <li>1. 00111100</li> <li>2. 1111 0000</li> <li>5. What is the purpose of ascii code?</li> <li>6. What is a pixel?</li> </ol>	and in year 9, we will learn how interpreters and compilers help us with translation.

Activity - Using Abstraction and decomposition plan a cinema trip with 5 friends. How could you break this task into smaller pieces and what abstraction techniques would you use to make sure that you are watching a suitable film.