

History Retrieval Quizzes Power and the People (Part 2)

Name:



Score Tracking

It is important to keep track on tests you have done and areas you need to work upon. Make sure you return to any content you found difficult.

Date	Торіс	Score	Parent/Peer Signature
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Quizzes

Quiz 1	Quiz 2	Quiz 3
1. In which year did Henry VIII pass his Act of Supremacy?	1. In which year did Charles I become King of England?	1. In which year did the American colonies declare independence from the British Empire?
2. What did the Act of Supremacy mean for England?	2. In which year did Charles dissolve Parliament and start to rule alone?	2. What were the Navigation Acts?
3. Why would the Act of Supremacy worry many people?	3. What was the main function of Parliament?	3. In which year did the Boston Massacre take place?
4. What did Henry VIII do to the monasteries of England?	4. What was the 'divine right of kings'?	4. In which city was the Declaration of Independence signed?
5. In which years was the Pilgrimage of Grace?	5. Why did Parliament think they had the right to rule?	5. What does 'no taxation without representation' mean?
6. What was the Pilgrimage of Grace?	6. What was Ship Money?	6. What happened at Yorktown in 1781?
7. In which two English counties did the Pilgrimage of Grace start?	7. When did Charles impose Ship Money on everyone?	7. Who was the leading American general?
8. Who was the reluctant leader of the Pilgrimage of Grace?	8. Who were the Covenanters?	8. Who was the leading British general?
9. Which social class joined the Pilgrimage in these areas to protest high taxes?	9. Why did Charles bring Parliament back in 1640?	9. Where did Britain begin to send its criminals after the loss of the American colonies?
10. What was the outcome of the Pilgrimage of Grace?	10. When was Charles executed by Parliament?	10. Which colony became most important to Britain within the next 100 years?

Answers

Quiz 1	Quiz 2	Quiz 3
1. 1534.	1. 1625.	1. 1776.
2. Henry VIII became Head of the English Church.	2. 1629.	2. Laws which meant that the colonists had to buy good from Britain at high prices.
3. They worried that going against the Pope was going against God. (Going to Hell)	3. To decide how much tax the king was allowed to raise.	3. 1770.
4. He dissolved them. (Closed them and took their land and property).	4. The idea that the king had been chosen directly by God.	4. Philadelphia.
5. 1536-7.	5. They were elected by the landowners and so had the consent of the people.	5. The colonists would not pay British taxes unless they had a voice in Parliament.
6. A mass protest against Henry VIII's changes to the English Church.	6. A tax which was paid by people living in coastal areas to pay for the Navy.	6. The British Army was defeated, ending the War of Independence.
7. Yorkshire and Lincolnshire.	7. 1637.	7. George Washington.
8. Robert Aske.	8. A group of Scottish rebels who invaded England over Charles' new prayer book.	8. Charles Cornwallis.
9. The gentry.	9. He was desperate for more taxes to defeat the covenanters.	9. Australia.
10. The king made promises but then end hanged the leaders and changed the Church.	10. 30 th January 1649.	10. India - the 'jewel in the crown'.