

History Retrieval Quizzes Elizabethan England (part one)

Name:



Quizzes

Quiz 1	Quiz 2	Quiz 3
1. In which year did Elizabeth become queen?	1. What was the Royal Court?	1. Which other country did Elizabeth consider herself to be the queen of?
2. Who was Elizabeth's father?	2. What was the Privy Council?	2. In which year did Mary, Queen of Scots come to England?
3. Who was the queen before Elizabeth?	3. What was the main responsibility of Parliament?	3. What happened in 1562 which made Parliament want Elizabeth to marry?
4. What was the religion of the queen before Elizabeth?	4. What was a lord- lieutenant?	4. Which two powerful Catholic counties were a threat to Elizabeth's reign?
5. What was the English Reformation?	5. What was a justice of the peace?	5. Who was the next in line for the throne if Elizabeth died?
6. How old was Elizabeth when she became queen?	6. Who were Elizabeth's two main advisers during her reign?	6. Who were the three main suitors for Elizabeth?
7. What religion was Elizabeth?	7. What was the title of the leader of the Privy Council?	7. Why would marrying an English lord cause Elizabeth problems?
8. Who was Elizabeth's mother?	8. Roughly how many people made up the Royal Court?	8. Why would marrying a foreign king cause Elizabeth problems?
9. Who was Elizabeth's second cousin, once removed?	9. What was 'progress'?	9. Why would having children be a risk for Elizabeth?
10. Who had Elizabeth's siter been married to before her death?	10. What was 'patronage'?	10. Which was the highest noble title of the time in England?

Your Answers

Quiz 1	Quiz 2	Quiz 3
1.	1.	1.
2.	2.	2.
3.	3.	3.
4.	4.	4.
5.	5.	5.
6.	6.	6.
7.	7.	7.
8.	8.	8.
9.	9.	9.
10.	10.	10.

Answers

Quiz 1	Quiz 2	Quiz 3
1. 1558.	1. The collection of lords and servants that travelled with Elizabeth wherever she went.	1. Ireland.
2. Henry VIII.	2. Elizabeth's main group of advisers, made up of the most powerful landowners of England.	2. 1568.
3. Mary I (Elizabeth's older sister).	3. To decide how much tax the queen can raise from the people.	3. Elizabeth almost died of smallpox.
4. Catholic.	4. The queen's representative in the counties of England.	4. France and Spain.
5. The Church of England broke from the Catholic Church in Rome.	5. A local judge who enforced the law in the counties.	5. Mary, Queen of Scots.
6. 25.	6. Sir William Cecil and Sir Francis Walsingham.	6. Robert Dudley, Earl of Leicester, King Phillip II of Spain and Francis, Duke of Anjou and Alencon.
7. Protestant.	7. Secretary of State.	7. It would create jealousy amongst the other lords in the Royal Court.
8. Anne Bolyen.	8. Around 1000.	8. England could fall under their control if Elizabeth died.
9. Mary, Queen of Scots.	9. The queen and Royal Court's travel around England, staying with wealthy landowners.	9. Many women died in childbirth at that time.
10. King Phillip II of Spain.	10. The giving of titles and rewards to keep lords and landowners loyal to the queen.	10. Duke.