Key Vocabulary		Picture This			Always Remember
Monotheistic ranscendent	The belief in one God who is transcendent  The belief that God is above and beyond human		Trinity	The belief in <b>one</b> God in three persons: the Father (God) who is transcendent, the Son (Jesus) who is immanent & personal and the	Christians believe in one God who is understood in three parts or persons:
Omnipotent	understanding  The belief that God is all powerful			Holy Spirt who is immanent and personal.	Create a connection map to show the links between Christian beliefs and Christian practices in how a Christian worships God and the festivals they celebrate.
Omniscient	The belief that God is all seeing & all knowing	Day 1 Day 2	Creation	and the believe the account of creation in Genesis is literally true: God created the world in 6 days and rested on the seventh. Other Christians believe the Genesis story has a truthful message that God created the universe and all life, but the story is not literally true and it needs to be interpreted. Christians believe the Trinity was involved in Creation: God the father created the world, the word (Jesus) was with God in the beginning and the Holy Spirt works	
Omnibenevolent	The belief that God is all loving	Day 3 Day 5 Day 6 Day 7			
rinity	The belief in <b>one</b> God in three parts: the Father who is transcendent, the Son who is immanent & personal and the Holy Spirt who is immanent and personal.		Day 6 Day 7		
mmanent	The belief that God is with humans.				
ncarnation	The belief that God becomes flesh, becomes human in the person of Jesus.				
Messiah	A title for Jesus – the chosen one.		In a sum of a n	in the world and in creation.	Conned wwitings
esurrection	The belief that Jesus rose from the dead on Easter Sunday.		Incarnation Crucifixion Resurrection	Christians believe in the incarnation of Jesus as they believe in his virgin birth, a voice at his baptism said	Sacred writings
Crucifixion	The belief Jesus died on a cross and suffered as he was human, he was the incarnation. Christians believe he died to bring salvation to humans.			"This is my son with who I am well pleased" and he was resurrected after death. The crucifixion influences Christians as they	"Father, forgive them."  (Jesus on the cross)  Christianity  "Love one another." (Greatest Commandment)  Sacred writings are sources of authority  Christianity  "In the
alvation	Being saved from sin through belief in Jesus' teachings, death and resurrection and by doing good deeds.			believe Jesus suffered on the cross as a human, and when they suffer Jesus is with them, he is immanent. Resurrection influences them as it gives them hope for the afterlife, good over evil and reward in	
udgement	People will be judged on how they have lived to decide what happens to them in the afterlife.				
The r	ole of Jesus in salvation	Christianity		heaven.  Christianity	beginning God created the
People A	God Sin separates us from God		evaluation answer incarnation pro		with God." (Bible)  heavens and the earthIt was good."  Sacred writings are sources of authority  Sacred writings are sources of authority

Topic Christian Practices	
Year 10	,
Subject RE	

Key Vocabulary		Picture This			Always Remember
Worship	Worship is the act of religious praise to give <b>thanks</b> to God and ask for <b>forgiveness</b> . It shows their <b>love</b> of God.	People A Sin separates	Salvation Atonement Reconciliation	Fixing a broken relationship, for example, when Jesus died on the	Christians believe in one God who is understood in three parts or persons:
Public & private	Worship can be in public in a church with other Christians and it can also be in private on their own.	us from God	Reconciliation	cross he fixed the broken relationship between God	God the Father, Jesus the son and
Liturgical	Worship which follows a set pattern each time, for example, prayers, Holy Communion, reading the Bible. Roman Catholic and Church of England worship in a		and humans caused by sin. He atoned for human sin and gave salvation.	the Holy Spirit. This is called the Trinity. The Trinity is active in a Christian's life.	
Non-liturgical	liturgical way.  Worship which does not follow a set pattern each time, for example, not celebrating the Holy Communion at every service but spending more time reading the Bible.  Methodist and Baptist churches worship in a non-liturgical way.	ald christian	christian	Christian Aid is a Christian charity which provides development aid and emergency aid to those in need. They donate money and pray for those who are in need and living in	Create a connection map to show the role of the church in the local community and the world wide community.
Spontaneous	Worship which follows no structure at all but is guided by the Holy Spirit: Quaker Christians sit in silence until someone feels moved to speak by the Holy Spirit.		Persecution k	poverty.  When areligious person is bullied and received bad treatment because of their religion, for example, not being able to build a church, being put in prison or even killed.	Sacred writings  Christianity  "Faith by itself, "Love one another."
Sacrament	A outward ceremony/sign of an inward, deep spiritual meaning. Holy Communion and baptism are sacraments. The bread & wine at Holy Communion mean the body & blood of Jesus' sacrifice on the cross and the water of baptism symbolises the washing away of sin and welcoming a person into Christianity.				
Transubstantiation	The belief Roman Catholic Christians have that the bread & wine at Holy Communion actually miraculously turns into the body & blood of Jesus' sacrifice.	An	Corrymeela Community	In Northern Ireland – a centre to work for reconciliation .	accompanied by action, is dead."
Pilgrimage	A religious and spiritual journey, for example, to Lourdes (France) and Iona (Scotland)				Sacred writings are sources of authority  "God will separate"  "Nothing is impossible with God." (Bible)
Mission	Mission is the calling to spread the faith. The church has a mission to tell people about the Son of God (Jesus) who came into he world to bring salvation. Jesus gave the disciples the Great Commission when he asked them to go out into the world to spread his teachings.	form Every And Main Control Annual An	Church growth	The church is growing rapidly in South America, Africa and Asia, but not in Europe, USA and Middle East	people as a shepherd separates the sheep from the goats." (Parable of the Sheep & Goats)  "Do this in
Evangelism	When a Christian spreads the faith by telling other about Jesus' teachings.	Aman et Cons	Street Pastors	Street Pastors are trained Christians who help the most vulnerable on the streets. They put agape (unconditional love) into practice.	"Father, forgive them." (Jesus on the cross)  remembrance of me." (Jesus at the last Supper-He Communion)  Sacred writings are sources of au
Persecution	When areligious person is bullied and received bad treatment because of their religion, for example, not being able to build a church, being put in prison or even killed.		STREET.		
Atonement	Paying the price for sin				Sacred writings are sources of authority
Reconciliation	Fixing a broken relationship, for example, when Jesus died on the cross he fixed the broken relationship between God and humans caused by sin. He atoned for human sin and gave salvation.	d 1. "The most important duty of a Christian is to worship God." 2. The best way to understand God is to go on a			

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### Key Vocabulary...

Tawhid	Oneness & supremacy of Allah		
Risalah	Belief in prophet hood		
Akhirah	Belief in life after death		
Day of Judgement	Belief that people will be judged on how they have lived their life as a good Muslim.		
Sunnah	Following the teachings & actions of Muhammad		
Night of Power	The first night of the revelation of the Quran		
Night Journey	The night Muhammad went on a miraculous journey to heaven (Jannah) to talk to the prophets		
Hijrah	The journey Muhammad made from Mecca to Medina to escape persecution		
Ummah	The Muslim community		
Six articles of faith	Sunni Muslim key beliefs: Supremacy of Allah, Tawhid, Day of Judgement, authority of the Quran, authority of prophets and angels		
Five roots of usul ad-Din	Shi'a Muslims beliefs: Resurrection, imamate, prophets, Tawhid and Judgement Day		

#### Angels

Muslims have many beliefs about angels. Firstly, Muslims believe angels are spiritual beings of light and have no free will so follow Allah's will and give messages from Allah to humans. Jibril, (Gabriel) for example, is a special angel (archangel) who gave the words of the Quran to Prophet Muhamad as this is what God wanted. Secondly, Muslims believe that angels are involved in the lives of humans from conception to death. Some angels are guardian angels who take care of each person through their lives. Other angels are responsible for writing down in the Book of Deeds everything a person does. This book will be used on the Day of Judgement to decide if a person goes to Paradise of Hell. The sacred writing about angels in the Quran is: "Each person has angels before him and behind, watching over him by God's command." (Qur'an). This sacred writing shows that Muslims believe angels have an important role in the lives of humans and connecting humans to Allah and the belief in angels is one of the Six Articles of Faith.

#### **Muhammad**

Muhammad received the first revelation of the Quran from angel Jibril on the Night of Power

Muhammad in Mecca: Three years after the first revelation Muhammad began preaching the words he had received from Angel Jibril: there is only one God and complete surrender to God is the only way to live life. He challenged the people of Mecca to give up cheating, drinking alcohol, gambling and idol worship. This was not the message the leaders of Mecca wanted to hear so he was persecuted. He left Mecca to avoid persecution in 622CE and went to the city of Medina. This is known as the Hijrah (departure) and is the beginning of the Ummah (worldwide Muslim community).

#### The Night Journey

Before the Hijrah Muhammad had a miraculous experience. Angel Jibril took Muhammad on a journey to Jerusalem. This event is known as the Night Journey. Muhammad was carried on a horse-like creature with wings to Jerusalem and then he ascended to heaven and spoke to other prophets like Jesus. He was told that Muslims should pray 5 times every day. When he returned he circled the Ka'aba 7 times.

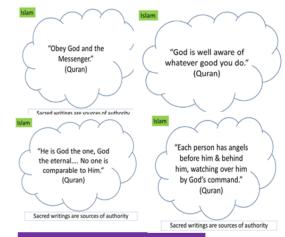
It is important for Muslims to follow the example of Muhammad because firstly, Muhammad is a role model and is an example of a perfect human being. He is a living example of Allah's message. Secondly, Muhammad is the last prophet who Allah gave his final message/Qur'an to – the seal of the prophets. Muhammad's teachings and actions called Sunnah, influences how a person lives their life. The Sunnah teaches Muslims how to carry out Allah's will in their daily lives, for example, how to pray five times every day. The sacred writing which shows Muhammad's importance is: "He (Muhammad) is God's messenger and the seal of the prophets." This shows that Muhammad is the last prophet, no other prophet is to follow and that Muhammad is seen a the perfect prophet. He is the most important prophet of them all and seal of the prophet means he is the superior prophet.

## Always Remember...

### **Tawhid**

Muslims believe in the Tawhid: the oneness & supremacy of Allah. All the prophets taught people to believe in the Tawhid. The Quran says: "He is God, the one, God the eternal ...No-one is comparable to Him."

## **Sacred writings**



#### Deeper Learning...

Create a connection map to show the links between Muslim beliefs and Muslim practices: show how the beliefs in the six articles of faith (Sunni) and the five roots of Usul ad-Din (Shi'a) link to the Five Pillars of Islam, the celebration of festivals and the Ten Obligatory Acts.

Activity – Plan your evaluation answer to 12 mark questions.

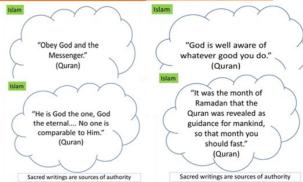
1. "The Quran contains all the guidance that Muslims need to live a perfect Muslim life." 2. "For Muslims, the prophets make better role models than the angels." 3. Predestination means Muslims have no free will." (12)

K	ey Vocabulary		Picture	This
Shahadah	Declaration of faith in Islam		Rak'ahs	A set pattern of prayer movements and recitations when praying.
Salah	Five daily prayers	127 27		Muslims face the city of Mecca in pray.
Rak'ah	A set pattern of prayer movements and recitations when praying.	FIST SALES SHOWN FAIGH	Wudu	Washing before prayers to show
Jummah	Special Friday prayers. Men are expected to attend the mosque.			respect to Allah.
Sawm	Fasting during the month of Ramadan. Ramadan is the month when angel Jibril started to recite the Quran to Muhammad.		Ka'aba	The holiest shrine in Islam. Prophet Ibrahim re-built it as the first Ka'aba, built by prophet Adam, was destroyed. On the Hajj Muslims
Laylat-al- Qadr	The Night of Power when Muhammad received the Quran.			circle it 7 times to remember that Prophet Muhammad did when he returned from the Night Journey.
Zakah	Muslims give 2.5% of their savings to charity every year. This is almsgiving.	2	Ihram	On the Hajj pilgrims enter a state of Ihram by washing,
Најј	A spiritual journey to Mecca. Muslims make this pilgrimage once in their lives.	0		praying and wearing a white sheet.
	The holy shrine of Islam, the Ka'aba, is in Mecca.		Circle the	Muslims circle the Ka'abato show Allah is at the centre of
Jihad	The struggle against evil and to live a life to submit to God to please Allah.		Ka'aba	their li∨es.
ld-ul-Fitr	A festival which celebrates the end of Ramadan.	The state of the s	Standing at Arafat	Muslims spend al day praying in
ld-ul Adha	A festival which celebrates Prophet Ibrahim's obedience to God as he was willing to sacrifice his son, and this festival marks the end of Haij.		di Aldidi	the hot sun to remind them what Judgement Day might be like and asking for forgiveness.
Ashura	A festival which is important to Shi'a Muslims as they remember the death of Husayn in the battle of Karbala.		Throwing pebbles at Mina	At Mina they throw stones at three stone walls to remember Ibrahim and how he rejected sin, temptation and evil.
The	Five Pillars of Islam			
perform to s	ars of Islam are five duties Muslims ubmit to the will of Allah, to be ns and to live a perfect Muslim life.		Sacrifice an animal	As part of the festival of Id-ul- Adha Muslims sacrifice an animal and the meat is given to family and the poor.

# Always Remember...

Allah is at the centre of a Muslim's life which is reflected in the way they live their lives and the practices they perform. The Five Pillars of Islam, for example, celebrating Id-ul Fitr & Id-Ul-Adha and the greater jihad to be a good Muslimshows their belief in the Tawhid.

# Sacred writings



## Deeper Learning...

Create a connection map to show the links between Muslim beliefs and Muslim practices: show how the beliefs in the six articles of faith (Sunni) and the five roots of Usul ad-Din (Shi'a) link to the Five Pillars of Islam, the celebration of festivals and the Ten Obligatory Acts.

Activity – Plan your evaluation answer to 12 mark questions.

1. "The Shahadah is the most important pillar of Islam." 2. "Id-ul-Fitr & Id-ul-Adha should be public holidays in Britain." 3. "The lesser jihad is more important than the greater jihad."